HEART RATE MEASUREMENT PROCESS

- 1. Fill 2 buckets with 16 L of freshwater each
 - 1. Remember to shut off water so pipes don't leak
- 2. Add MS-222 to water
 - 1. 11.2 mL of for every 16 L
 - 2. 5g MS-222 /50 mL DI water to make stock solution
 - 3. Pipette 5.6 mL twice

| Final Concentration mg/L | Water Volume (L) | Stock solution (100 mg/ml) |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| 50 | | |
| 55 | | |
| 60 | | |
| <mark>65</mark> | | |
| 70 | | |

Formula to get volume of stock solution to get target final concentration:

volume of stock solution = (Final Concentration X Water Volume) / 100

- 3. Fill chiller with appropriate amount of water
 - 1. Check all tubes are in the right place first
 - 2. Continue filling chiller until water level is stabilized
- 4. Set temperature to on chiller to acclimation temperature of fish
 - 1. Notice chiller set temperature may not equal the actual temperature in apparatus
 - 2. Raise/lower set temperature accordingly
- 5. Open LabScribe application
- 6. Collect 4 fish
- 7. Soak 4 foam fish stands
- 8. Introduce 1 fish to bucket with MS-222 water
 - 1. Take fish out when they are unresponsive to tail pinch
- 9. Weigh fish
- 10. Measure length of fish
- 11. Place fish in foam stand and weigh down within apparatus and insert water tube into their mouth
 - 1. Make sure water is running through gills
- 12. Position electrodes on fish heart and belly (as seen in photos)
- 13. Weigh down foam stands with rocks
- 14. Fill apparatus with water
- 15. Replace water in chiller
- 16. Repeat steps 8-15 for remaining fish
- 17. Begin recording heart rate
 - 1. Rectify any "noisy" EKGs by moving electrodes
- 18. Calculate atropine solution (2 mL of atropine solution to 3 mL of saline solution) volume for the mass of each fish
 - 1. Mass x 6 = microliters of solution/1000 = mL
 - 1. saline solution:
 - 1. 7.25 g NaCl

- 2. 0.186 g KCl
- 3. 0.23 g MgSO₄-7H₂O
- 4. 0.37 g CaCl₂-2H₂O
- 5. Dissolve chemicals to 900 mL of DI water. Adjust pH to 7.8 (@10°C) and bring final volume to 1000 mL with DI water. Store in the fridge.
- 2. atropine solution:
 - 1. 0.05 g of atropine sulphate to 50 mL of saline solution
 - 2. store in fridge and keep away from the light, the chemical is sensitive to UV rays
- 19. Inject according atropine volume to each fish into intraperitoneal (abdominal) cavity
 - 1. Soft part of belly; be sure to not inject into muscle
 - 2. Make sure there are no bubbles in syringe
 - 3. Put syringe into safe place after use
- 20. Note temperature in LabScribe
- 21. Click "analysis" tab. Count 10 beat intervals
- 22. Record time seconds for 10 beat intervals
- 23. Return to main window on LabScribe to monitor HR
- 24. Calculate bpm
 - 1. 600 b/s / (x) seconds = bpm
- 25. Raise chiller 1°C (+/- difference of water temp between chiller and apparatus)
- 26. Set timer for 6 minutes
- 27. Click "analysis" tab. Count 10 beat intervals
- 28. Record time seconds for 10 beat intervals
- 29. Return to main window on LabScribe to monitor HR
- 30. Calculate bpm
 - 1. 600 b/s / (x) seconds = bpm
 - 2. Check fish in chamber, electrode position, gill color, mouth nozzle position, water level...
- 31. Repeat steps 25-30 until fish reach cardiac arrhythmia
- 32. Once cardiac arrhythmia occurs, note in LabScribe
- 33. Remove fish from apparatus and place in recovery bucket with air stone
- 34. Recover fish by holding over air stone (Stop calculating and counting beats, BUT DO log temperature, will come back and get the calculation after)
- 35. Repeat steps 32-34 for each fish as they reach arrhythmia
- 36. Return fish to according tank and clean up area