



2018-2023

# NSF EPSCoR GEM3 Strategic Plan

*RII Track-1: Linking Genome to Phenome to  
Predict Adaptive Responses of Organisms to  
Changing Landscapes*

Idaho EPSCoR  
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Interim Project Director: Janet Nelson, Ph.D.  
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## Idaho EPSCoR Leadership and Administration

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*Colden Baxter*, Executive Leadership Team

*Jennifer Forbey*, Executive Leadership Team

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*Vanessa Henry*, Administrative Finance Coordinator

## Idaho EPSCoR RII Track-1 Project

### RII Track-1: Linking Genome to Phenome to Predict Adaptive Responses of Organisms to Changing Landscapes

#### Genes to Environment: Modeling, Mechanisms, and Mapping (GEM3)

##### ***Vision***

*Idaho leads the nation with thriving, collaborative, and inclusive research to discover and predict how plants, animals, and people interact and adapt to changing environments, resulting in the sustainable management of natural resources.*

##### ***Mission***

*Discover fundamental knowledge of genetic mechanisms and train a diverse workforce to inform evidence-based management of natural resources.*

##### ***Project Goal***

*Enable the research community to understand the factors for, and forecast the outcomes of, how genetic diversity and phenotypic plasticity affect response to environmental change, shaping both population response and adaptive capacity.*

This *Strategic Plan* establishes the conceptual, programmatic, and administrative framework for accomplishing the goals and objectives of the NSF EPSCoR RII Track-1 award: *Linking Genome to Phenome to Predict Adaptive Responses of Organisms to Changing Landscapes* (OIA-1757324). It identifies project goals and strategic objectives and explains specific actions to be undertaken to achieve those goals. The Strategic Plan outlines metrics and milestones to ensure objectives are met and outcomes are achieved within the award period.

GEM3, a statewide project, combines research strengths in bioinformatics, complex modeling, ecology, fisheries science, genomics, geospatial science, remote sensing, and social-ecological science (SES) to contribute to the national challenge of understanding the “*Rules of Life: predicting phenotypes from what we know about the genome and environment.*”

A growing number of studies demonstrate how genotypes control the expression of specific traits in organisms responding to environmental change and reveal correlations between genetic variation and population-level response to environmental disturbance. It is known that the capacity of species to respond to social-ecological change is constrained by organismal genetic and phenotypic plasticity, which are a function of “genotype by environment” (GxE) interactions occurring within larger SES. It is also known direct links exist between genetic expression and phenotypic tolerance to selective pressures.

GEM3 seeks to determine the mechanisms underlying population-level responses to environmental change and the feedback effects between SES and population responses. The approach entails determining how environmental processes, including land use changes, influence genome-to-phenome mechanisms and the adaptive capacity of populations. Bridging these gaps will advance predictive models of population-level adaptive capacity under scenarios of future change.

Two focal taxa will be studied: one aquatic (reband trout) and one terrestrial (sagebrush). These taxa are integral to ecosystems in Idaho and the American West and are central to land-use management decisions that drive the economy of the region.

## Approach

### Research

Idaho's landscapes span a range of environmental gradients (e.g., temperature, aridity) and encompass divergent social-ecological contexts, from designated wilderness to expanding urban areas. These "natural laboratories" enable the systematic discovery of mechanisms of genomic expression for species in changing environments.

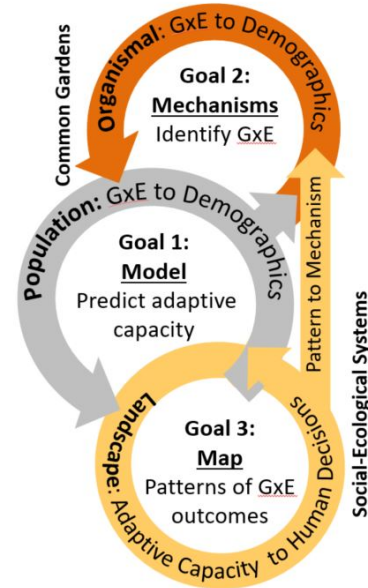
GEM3 will identify how genetic diversity interacts with the environment to alter phenotypes linked to the adaptive capacity of populations (Figure 1). Specifically, GEM3 will:

1. Use spatially-explicit iterative modeling and mechanistic experiments to elucidate factors that can be integrated into modeling to forecast genotypes to phenotypes for the study systems (trout and sagebrush).
2. Use agent based models (ABM) to forecast behaviors of key populations under different social-ecological scenarios. This work will support the identification of resulting ecosystem vulnerabilities and potential management interventions.
3. Use novel scaling processes, from genome to phenome, from organisms to populations across landscapes to "forecast futures" using modeling to test and generate hypotheses, experimental studies to identify mechanisms, and mapping to identify natural patterns. Outcomes of these case studies will help to discern pertinent factors that may be universal regardless of species or systems (e.g., wild vs. managed) as well as elucidate mechanisms that are highly responsive to abiotic, biotic, and human stressors.

Leveraging and harnessing the power of decades of data, GEM3 will advance discovery of GxE mechanisms and outcomes to address the gap between population dynamics of mission-driven agencies and foundational research in landscape ecology associated with predicting effects of environmental change. GEM3 will enable agencies and stakeholders to identify activities most likely to affect adaptive capacity of populations so that resources are appropriately allocated and targeted to benefit society, while preserving biological diversity upon which human society depends. A Seed Funding program will allow GEM3 to respond to new opportunities as well as pursue high impact, potentially transformative research and education projects. It will create a mechanism to catalyze new research on focal species, species interactions, ecosystems, genomics/phenomics, or other emerging areas related to the scope of GEM3.

### Education

A fully integrated research, education and workforce development program will be implemented to increase the number, diversity and preparation of skilled scientists and engineers in GEM3 fields (bioinformatics, computational biology, conservation genetics, ecosystem management). The GEM3 research and education ecosystem includes three research universities, four primarily undergraduate institutions and more than a dozen public, private and nonprofit collaborators and stakeholders.



**Figure 1:** Overview and integration of research objectives to understand GxE outcomes in organisms, populations, and landscapes

GEM3 adopts a Vertically Integrated Projects (VIPs) strategy to establish an on-ramp for students and provide a range of training, mentoring and professional development support to both students and faculty. The goals are to: (1) provide a statewide mechanism for transdisciplinary science, and (2) grow the next generation of conservation science leaders and workers. GEM3 will increase the participation of underrepresented minority (URM) group members in Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) (including Hispanics and Native Americans); low-income, rural and/or first-generation students; and women in Idaho's STEM enterprise.

## Alignment with State S&T Plan

GEM3 includes a statewide participatory research program committed to the concept of Idaho EPSCoR's "ONEIdaho" vision of an integrated, productive, and creative research culture and community of Idaho researchers that transcends institutional boundaries. GEM3 researchers will work across institutions on pilot studies and case studies, fostering integration of science and stakeholders, integration of science disciplines, and integration of research and education.

The State of Idaho has demonstrated its commitment to develop research through EPSCoR by contributing to the non-federal required cost share. GEM3 is fully aligned with and guided by Idaho's S&T plan, *Strategic Research Plan for Idaho Higher Education*, approved by the State Board of Education. The Idaho EPSCoR Committee selected GEM3 following an analysis by Elsevier Global Strategic Alliances and a rigorous year-long external review process. The topic was deemed to have the highest impact based upon factors including: (1) contribution to long-term economic and educational priorities of the state; (2) seamless integration of the academic strengths and priorities of the state's research universities; (3) ability of primarily undergraduate institutions (PUIs) to contribute to the integrated research, education, and workforce development activities; (4) industry demand for a larger, more diverse, and better trained biological sciences workforce; and (5) value added to national strategic priorities (e.g., the NSF Rules of Life Big Idea). A core group of GEM3 researchers and educators, many with existing cross-institutional and cross-discipline collaborations, worked together to develop and refine the research and education plan.

## Expected Benefits

GEM3 leverages its strengths in bioinformatics, complex modeling, data management, ecology, fisheries science, genomics, and SES to create an integrated research and education program for Idaho. State capacity for environmental social science data collection, analysis, and translation to management actions will be increased through the hiring of new faculty with expertise in social science. State capacity to map and monitor changes in the environment, phenotypes of plants and animals, and land use will be increased through investments in on-ground telemetry, unmanned aerial vehicles, and satellite imagery, and by leveraging existing expertise in collecting and analyzing remotely sensed data. Infrastructure investments will enable Idaho EPSCoR to: develop scientific leaders; build new capacity in genome to phenome science through the recruitment and mentoring of 6 new faculty; acquire new tools and equipment; catalyze collaborative research across the state; and grow and diversify the State's STEM workforce.

## Primary Partners and Project Management

The GEM3 team science-based management plan provides project management and oversight and facilitates integration and collaboration across teams and institutions to meet project goals. General oversight of Idaho EPSCoR is provided by the *Idaho EPSCoR Committee*. The *Executive Committee* (ExComm), which includes the State Committee Chair, Vice Chair, the respective Vice Presidents for Research at the University of Idaho (UI), Idaho State University (ISU), and Boise State University (BSU), is charged with statewide management and implementation. The *GEM3 Research and Education (R&E) Convergence Team*, comprising members of Research, Workforce Development, and Diversity, will: (1) facilitate effective team science/education strategies, (2) implement the GEM3 research, education and workforce development

agenda, and (3) deliver and ensure project outcomes. Guidance and assessment of progress will be provided by the *Project Advisory Board (PAB)* and the *External Evaluator*.

## Project Implementation

### Strategic Planning Process

The strategic planning process was initiated by the Idaho EPSCoR Management team and led by the RII Executive Leadership Team. The plan was organized around four questions: (1) Who are we as ONEIdaho? (2) Where do we want GEM3 to take us? (3) What do we do to get there? and (4) How will we know if we have achieved our goals?

### Overview of the Strategic Plan

This plan describes a series of specific goals, objectives and actions to enhance excellence in key priority areas to be integrated through science-based investments and case studies. Integration permeates all aspects of the Strategic Plan. The ONEIdaho concept, which links UI, BSU, ISU, and PUIs in Idaho, is embedded throughout the plan. The plan includes specific, measurable outcomes that are consistent with an external evaluation plan and achievable, in light of known risks and opportunities.

## Summary of GEM3 Goals

### **Research & Education**

- Goal 1: Discover mechanisms and model populations across space and time.
- Goal 2S: Understand genotypic X phenotypic mechanisms that translate to adaptive capacity of populations.
- Goal 2T: Identify genetic, environmental, and phenotypic mechanisms that translate to adaptive capacity of populations.
- Goal 3: Map genotype by environment outcomes in populations across complex SES to inform management decisions.

### **Workforce Development & Education**

- Goal 4: Provide the scaffolding to support transdisciplinary science and grow the next generation of conservation science leaders and workers.

### **Diversity**

- Goal 5: Attract, retain, and develop a diverse academic research community of faculty and students in GEM3-related areas.

### **Partnerships & Collaborations**

- Goal 6: Facilitate integration of science into management and policy and provide opportunities for knowledge sharing and development of professional networks between students and potential future employers.

### **Communication and Dissemination**

- Goal 7: Strengthen research and education capacity through collaboration and recognition.

### **Sustainability**

- Goal 8: To develop and establish the practice of nationally competitive GEM3-related research and education at participating institution.

### **Management, Evaluation and Assessment**

- Goal 9: Ensure continual progress and timely attainment of project goals and outcomes.

### Overall Project Integration

The goals of the GEM3 project cannot be achieved by a single institution working alone. By adopting a ONEIdaho approach, researchers from participating academic institutions and partnering agencies will work together, leveraging the scientific expertise at each institution. We also foster project integration by implementing co-supervision of graduate students and postdoctoral fellows and co-delivery of Vertically Integrated Projects (see Workforce Development). The GEM3 research components (Mechanisms, Mapping, and Modeling) are highly integrated and inter-dependent. Outputs produced by one component often serve as inputs elsewhere in the project. For example, new genetic data acquired by the Trout Mechanisms team will be used by the Modeling team to parameterize new agent based models. These interactions create a complex and temporally dynamic project structure. We visualize this project structure in two related ways. First, Figure 2 shows the core research components of our strategic plan in an integrated timeline. For each component, time flows inward towards the center of the concentric circles. Large-scale tasks for each component are indicated as colored lines that flow inward. Integration of tasks is indicated by color – OUTPUTS are shown as small dots colored according to their destination component. INPUTs are shown as triangles that are colored to indicate the SOURCE of the input. Second, Table 1 shows the execution of the project over time as a GANT chart, but does not capture the interdependencies of the components.



**LEGEND**

-  Project components that continually integrate data from other teams
- Y1→Y5** Years 1-5 flow inward towards the center
-  Inputs from project components are indicated by color-coded triangles
-  Component outputs that are used as inputs by another project team are indicated by smaller color-coded circles

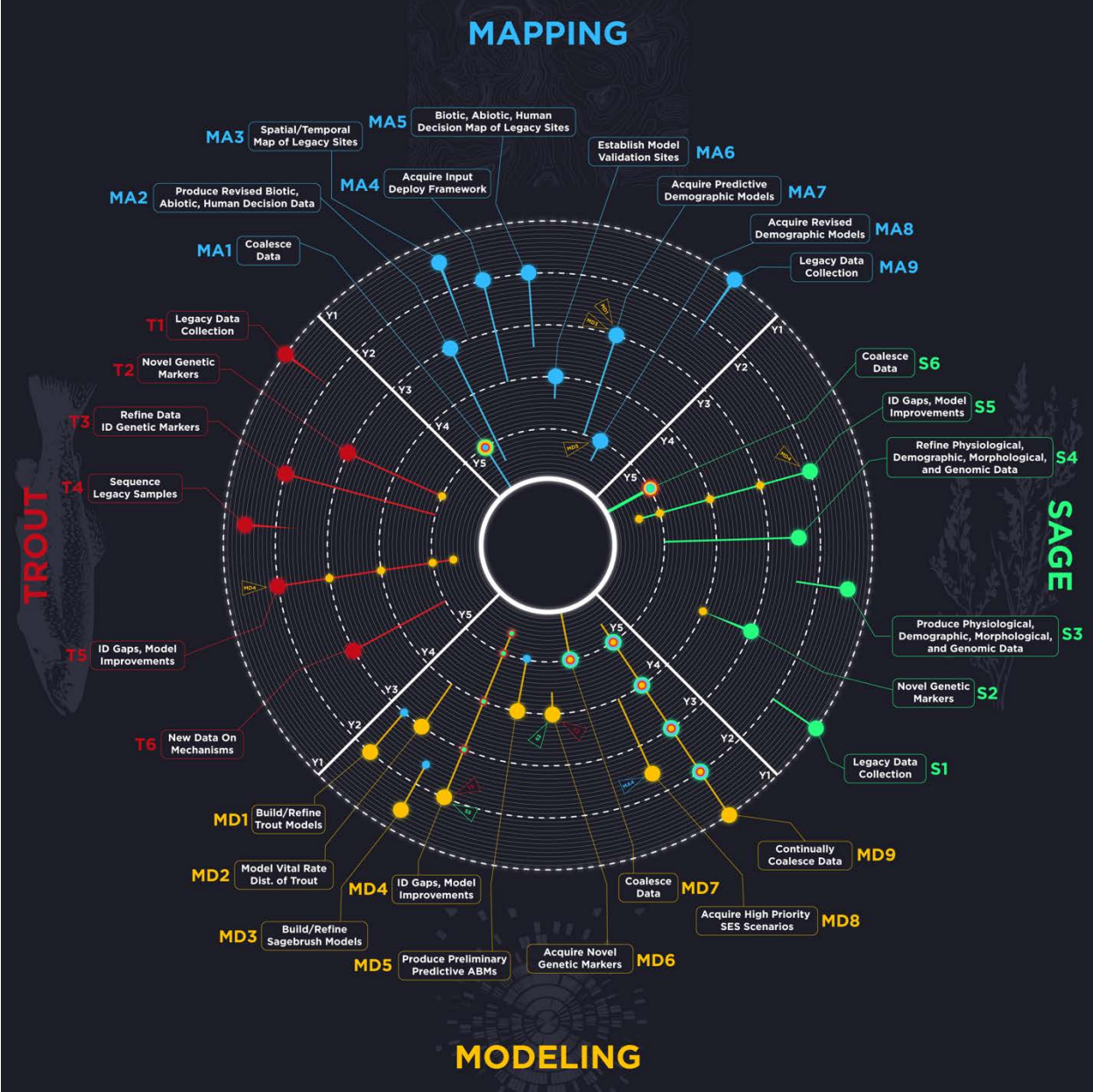


Figure 2: Conceptual diagram of GEM3 research

Table 1: GEM3 Research Overview Timeline

	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5
<b>Modeling:</b>					
<b>MD9</b> Coalesce legacy and novel data from Mapping and Mechanism teams.	■	■	■	■	■
<b>MD3</b> Output: Build/refine models that predict sagebrush demographics and vital rates.	■	■			
<b>MD4</b> Work with Mechanisms and Mapping teams to identify data gaps and model improvements.		■	■	■	■
<b>MD1</b> Output: Build and refine models that predict distribution of trout. Develop ABMs for sagebrush.		■			
<b>MD8</b> Acquire high priority SES scenarios from Mapping team.		■	■		
<b>MD2</b> Output: Species-specific ABMs. Model vital rate distribution of trout.			■		
<b>MD6</b> Acquire novel genetic markers from Mechanisms teams.				■	
<b>MD5</b> Output: Preliminary predictive ABMs for both species.				■	
<b>MD7</b> Coalesce results from Mappers and Mechanisms teams and develop generalizable and predictive ABMs.					■
<b>Sagebrush Mechanisms:</b>					
<b>S1</b> Collect legacy data on genetics/ distribution. Select common garden sites.	■				
<b>S3</b> Output: New physiological, demographic, morphological, and genomic data.	■	■			
<b>S5</b> Work with Modeling team to identify data gaps and model improvements.		■	■	■	■
<b>S4</b> Output: Refined physiological, demographic, morphological, and genomic data.		■	■	■	
<b>S2</b> Output: Novel genetic markers.			■		
<b>S6</b> Coalesce results from Mappers and Modelers and develop a unified framework of mechanisms driving sagebrush populations.					■
<b>Trout Mechanisms:</b>					
<b>T1</b> Collect legacy samples for genetics and distribution. Sequence samples.	■				
<b>T4</b> Output: Genetic data from legacy samples. Establish common garden studies.	■	■			
<b>T5</b> Work with Modeling team to identify data gaps and model improvements.		■	■	■	■
<b>T3</b> Output: Refined data on distribution, growth, and performance. Identify genetic markers.		■	■	■	
<b>T6</b> Output: New data on mechanisms driving maturation, fecundity, and abundance.			■	■	
<b>T2</b> Output: Novel genetic markers.			■	■	
<b>Mapping:</b>					
<b>MA9</b> Identify and collect site-specific legacy data. Test sensors. Work with partners.	■	■			
<b>MA3</b> Output: Spatially and temporally explicit map of legacy sites.	■	■			
<b>MA4</b> Acquire stakeholder input. Deploy SES framework and sensors.		■	■		
<b>MA5</b> Output: Maps of biotic, abiotic, and human decisions data at legacy sites.		■	■		
<b>MA7</b> Acquire predictive models of demographics from Modeling team.			■	■	
<b>MA2</b> Output: Revised data on biotic, abiotic, and human decisions.			■	■	■
<b>MA6</b> Establish model validation sites.				■	
<b>MA8</b> Acquire revised models of demographics relative to humans and GxE data.					■
<b>MA1</b> Coalesce results from Modeling and Mechanisms, and develop a unified framework of biotic, abiotic, and human decisions driving spatial distribution.					■

## Strategic Priorities and Action Plans

### Research and Education

**Research Area 1: Modeling.** Develop, validate, and test integrative models that predict the adaptive capacity of populations across space and time.

**Leads:** Barrie Robison (Lead, UI) and Julie Heath (Co-lead, BSU)

**Team:** Abatzoglou (UI), Brandt (BSU), Burnham (ISU), Caudill (UI), Caughlin (BSU), Forbey (BSU), Hardy (UI), Hohenlohe (UI), Hopping (BSU), Hillis (BSU), Kliskey (UI), Rachlow (UI), Reinhardt (ISU), Roever (UI), Waits (UI), Wichman (UI), *Ecological Genomics Modeler hire (BSU)*, *Quantitative Population Ecologist hire (BSU)*

**Collaborators:** Narum (CRITFC), Richardson (USFS)

**Research Question:** What genetic, environmental, and phenotypic mechanisms best predict adaptive capacity of populations responding to changing landscapes?

**Summary:** The intent is to determine mechanisms underlying adaptive capacity and population vulnerability, and reliably forecast population trends over space and time. The team will build statistical models to explain distribution and demography of the study organisms and simulate adaptive capacity and population densities through agent based models (ABMs) that integrate ecological, evolutionary, and social data and processes, using an iterative approach of inferring relationships based on empirical mechanism research, predicting traits and demographics through modeling, and comparing predicted and empirical data through mapping to discover key mechanisms and processes. The intellectual merit is knowledge creation about complex relationships that affect adaptive capacity and population resilience, and ecological forecasting for population-level adaptive capacity by developing methods to confront complex models with data. The research will contribute to state and federal management of wildlife, fish, and plant populations, and provide key insight into developing process-oriented models for ecological forecasting that could be applied to many systems.

## Research Area 1: Modeling

### Goal 1: Discover GxE mechanisms and model populations across space and time.

- Objective 1.1: Build statistical models to explain distribution and demography of study organisms using legacy and empirical data.
- Objective 1.2: Simulate adaptive capacity and population vulnerability using ABMs.

Activities	Annual Milestones					Responsible Parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Objective 1.1: Build statistical models to explain distribution and demography of study organisms using legacy and empirical data.</b>						
<b>Integrate data from existing legacy datasets and ongoing GEM3 data collection.</b>						
1.1.A.	Create data sharing plan and agreement  Establish data standards  Inventory legacy data	Implement data sharing and metadata harvesting  Verify metadata and identify data gaps	Publish data inventory and services on website  Assess data use  Integrate data catalog/services with website	Grow data inventory and service  Publish data per sharing plan  Assess data use	Grow data inventory and services  Publish data per sharing plan	Roever, Barney, Robison
<b>Test hypotheses using legacy genetic, demographic, and geospatial data.</b>						
1.1.B.	Identify additional hypotheses and statistical approaches	Parameterize models for demographic rates using legacy data	Quantify impact of phenotypic and genotypic variation on demographic rates	Test statistical models for demographic rates	Revise statistical models for demographic rates	Heath, Robison, Caughlin

**Objective 1.2: Simulate adaptive capacity and population vulnerability using ABMs.**

<b>Develop Agent Based Models.</b>						
1.2.A.	Identify key life history traits of study organisms Hire 3 post docs	Draft prototypes  Consult with SAGs	Hold Modeling workshop  Test sensitivity of sagebrush adaptive capacity model	Consult with SAGs  Incorporate second set of common garden results	Develop generalizable conceptual framework for multiple species	Heath, Caughlin, <i>Ecological Genomics Modeler (BSU)</i> , IBEST, CMCI, Waits, Caudill, Hohenlohe, <i>Quantitative Population Ecologist (BSU)</i>
<b>Estimate adaptive capacity via forecasting.</b>						
1.2.B.	Relate ABM predictions to data on abundance from Mapping output in Objective 2  Develop species distribution models that predict regional patterns of abundance	Obtain down-scaled climate data projections and other relevant environmental forecast data	Quantify deviation between observed and predicted data across the region	Publish paper environmental/human scenarios to forecast population resilience	Relate ABM predictions to data on abundance from Mapping output in Objective 2	Waits, Caudill, Hohenlohe, Heath, Caughlin

**Research Area 2: Mechanisms.** Use common garden experiments to identify genetic, environmental, and phenotypic mechanisms in organisms that translate to adaptive capacity of populations.

**Leads:** Ron Hardy (Lead; Trout, UI) and Keith Reinhardt (Lead; Sagebrush, ISU)

**Team:** Baxter (ISU), Buerki (BSU), Caudill (UI), Caughlin (BSU), Forbey (BSU), Hohenlohe (UI), Keeley (ISU), Loxterman (ISU), Novak (BSU), Small (UI), Waits (UI), *Genetics Scientist hire (ISU)*, *Ecological Genomics Modeler hire (BSU)*

**Collaborators:** Narum (CRITFC), Germino (IDFG, BLM, USGS), Richardson (USFS)

**Research Question:** Does genetic variation differ across a gradient of core and marginal populations and demographic history (short vs long occupancy) relative to environmental conditions?

**Summary:** GEM3 will use a common garden design to assess relative contributions of genetic diversity and phenotypic plasticity in organisms that link to adaptive capacity of populations to reveal GxE interactions that influence expressed phenomes ( $G + E + GxE = \text{phenome}$ ). Partitioning G (additive genetic variation), E (random environmental effects), and GxE (phenotypic plasticity) will provide estimates of G, E, GxE parameters for models (Goal 1) to predict the adaptive response of populations to environmental change. Temperature will be the primary focal environmental variable in the first common garden experiment because it can capture the environmental consequences of precipitation and geomorphic characteristics of landscapes. Data generated from common gardens will be used to compare responses of organisms that differ in genotypes or life history traits to environmental change to evaluate how abiotic variation across the landscape leads to deviations in predicted GxE outcomes identified from models in Goal 1. The team will focus on populations that are monitored yearly by partner agencies and for which historical data on population demographics are available. Populations from core and marginal environments will be prioritized as well as those that deviate from predicted demographics (occupancy and density) obtained in Goal 1. Selected populations will be sampled in conjunction with annual population surveys of redband trout and sagebrush populations by agency partners. Phenotypic responses include gene and protein expression, physiological and behavioral traits, growth, survival, and reproductive performance (age at maturity, fecundity). Additional common garden experiments will be conducted to assess the role of landscape processes beyond temperature change identified in modeling (Goal 1) and mapping of adaptive capacity across the landscape (Goal 3).

## Research Area 2: Mechanisms - Sagebrush

**Goal 2S: Understand genotypic x phenotypic mechanisms that translate to adaptive capacity of populations.**

- Objective 2S.1: Construct a model genome for sagebrush.
- Objective 2S.2: Measure genotypic and phenotypic responses of shrubs to temperature change.

Activities	Annual Milestones					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible Parties
<b>Objective 2S.1: Construct a model genome for sagebrush.</b>						
<b>Create community to sequence non-model species and generate a draft whole genome for <i>A. tridentata</i> subsp <i>vaseyana</i> (diploid; 2n=2x).</b>						
2S.1.A.	Establish sequencing strategies and partnerships	Consult with Mechanism and Modeling team to develop strategies to leverage whole genome sequence data for linking genome to phenome	Create bioinformatics pipeline to assemble and annotate the genome  Share genomic data with Mechanism and Modeling	Maintain bioinformatics pipeline community to assemble and annotate the genome through partnerships, exchanges and VIPs	Maintain bioinformatics pipeline community to assemble and annotate the genome through partnerships, exchanges and VIPs	Buerki, Novak, <i>Ecological Genomics Modeler (BSU)</i>
	Obtain and validate genomic legacy data for sequencing	Initiate first round of DNA and RNA sequencing on monophyletic group	Implement high throughput DNA and RNA sequencing	Use community and WFD partners to assemble and annotate genome	Use community and WFD partners to assemble and annotate genome	Buerki, <i>Ecological Genomics Modeler (BSU), Genetics Scientist (ISU)</i>
<b>Utilize genome sequence to identify functional and neutral genetic markers for subspecies and cytotypes of sagebrush.</b>						
2S.1.B.	Obtain list of targeted functional markers from	Identify targeted functional markers	Validate targeted enrichment sequencing	Create targeted enrichment bioinformatics	Map location of candidate genes to sequences	Buerki, <i>Ecological Genomics</i>

	literature and appropriate reference genomes.	Sequence functional markers	approach	pipeline	genome	<i>Modeler (BSU), Genetics Scientist (ISU), Novak</i>
	Identify loci associated with thermal stress using existing genome-wide data	Identify specific SNP loci to analyze diploid sagebrush (monophyletic group)	Determine level and structure of genetic diversity within gardens relative to phenotypes	Collect genotype by sequencing data at test sites based on model predictions	Test loci in other subspecies and cytotypes of sagebrush.	Buerki, <i>Ecological Genomics Modeler (BSU), Genetics Scientist (ISU)</i>
<b>Objective 2S.2: Identify GxE parameters to explain phenotypic responses of organisms to temperature change.</b>						
<b>Establish experimental design and common garden studies.</b>						
2S.2.A.	Collate existing samples for legacy data set (provide information to modelers/mappers)	Characterize GxE results that best support modeling and sequencing efforts	Manipulate gardens using targeted GxE	Manipulate gardens using targeted GxE	Maintain and monitor gardens using VIP participants	Reinhardt, Buerki, Forbey, Novak, Germino, Richardson
<b>Identify schemes for linking gene expression and environment and investigate role of alternative splicing.</b>						
2S.2.B.	-	Conduct RNA extractions, sequencing and transcriptome assembly and annotation of diploid plants of diploid	Refine experimental design and environmental manipulations in common gardens	Sequence plant tissue transcriptomes and quantify variation among genotypes & manipulations	Sequence plant tissue transcriptomes and quantify variation among genotypes & manipulations	Buerki, <i>Ecological Genomics Modeler (BSU), Genetics Scientist (ISU)</i>



<b>Quantify phenotypical (e.g., physiological, morphological, phenological and demographic) variation.</b>						
2S.2.C.	Collect data on legacy phenotypes in gardens	Identify key phenotypes to study in gardens	Quantify targeted phenotypes	Quantify targeted phenotypes	-	Reinhardt, Caughlin, Forbey, Germino
<b>Quantify phenotypic plasticity of traits.</b>						
2S.2.D.	-	Quantify differences in plasticity in phenotypes with GxE conditions in gardens	Quantify differences in plasticity of phenotypes with targeted GxE manipulations	Use data to construct evolutionary models and genetic algorithms	-	Reinhardt, Caughlin, <i>Ecological Genomics Modeler (BSU)</i> , Robison

## Research Area 2: Mechanisms - Trout

### Goal 2T: Identify genetic, environmental, and phenotypic mechanisms that translate to adaptive capacity of populations.

- Objective 2T.1: Assess genetic diversity of populations.
- Objective 2T.1: Identify GxE parameters to explain phenotypic responses of organisms to temperature change.

Activities	Annual Milestones					Responsible Parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Objective 2T.1: Assess genetic diversity of populations.</b>						
<b>Establish GxE experiments through common gardens.</b>						
2T.1.A.	Collect redband trout from selected populations	Conduct and complete first common garden study	Continue common garden study for maturation and fecundity assessment	Continue common garden study for maturation and fecundity assessment	Complete common garden studies	Hardy, Caudill, Hohenlohe, Small, Loxterman, Narum

<b>Perform genotype-by-sequencing.</b>						
2T.1.B.	Sample populations (integrates w/ Mapping)	Scan genome for candidate genes	Complete genome scan	Submit sequencing data to NCBI & to GEM3 data repository	-	Loxterman, Small, Narum
<b>Discover markers associated with thermal plasticity.</b>						
2T.1.C.	-	-	Develop markers (SNPs)	Develop markers (SNPs)	Develop markers (SNPs)	Loxterman, Small, Narum
<b>Epigenetic processes with bisulfate sequencing.</b>						
2T.1.D.	-	-	Investigate methylation patterns in common garden samples	Investigate methylation patterns in common garden samples	Investigate methylation patterns in common garden samples	Hardy, Narum, Loxterman
<b>Conduct analysis of genetic diversity.</b>						
2T.1.E.	Obtain tissues and initiate sequencing (integrates with Modeling)	Complete sequencing	Sample genotype legacy/focal populations at thermal plasticity SNPs (2T.1.C)	Sample genotype legacy/focal populations at thermal plasticity SNPs (2T.1.C)	Sample genotype legacy/focal populations at thermal plasticity SNPs (2T.1.C)	Hardy, Loxterman, Small, Narum, Waits, Hohenlohe
<b>Objective 2T.2: Identify GxE parameters to explain phenotypic responses of organisms to temperature change.</b>						
<b>Assess gene expression through transcriptomics.</b>						
2T.2.A.	-	Complete RNA-Sequencing on common garden samples	Complete RNA-Sequencing on common garden samples	Complete RNA-Sequencing on common garden samples	-	Caudill, Small, Hohenlohe, Loxterman

<b>Assess physiological expression.</b>						
2T.2.B.	-	Refine common garden design based on Y1 model outputs	Collect and describe physiological and morphological data	Collect and describe physiological and morphological data	Publish novel data as per data sharing plan	Small, Hardy
<b>Assess behavioral expression.</b>						
2T.2.C.	-	Assess thermal preference studies	Water column preference	-	-	Small, Caudill, Hardy
<b>Study demography.</b>						
2T.2.D.	Collate and describe legacy data (w/ Modeling)	Collect and describe maturation and fecundity data	Collect and describe maturation and fecundity data	Synthesize demographic data into models (w/ Modeling)	Publish novel data as per data sharing plan	Caudill, Hohenlohe, Waits
<b>Quantify phenotypic plasticity of traits.</b>						
2T.2.E.	-	Quantify phenotypic plasticity of <u>physiological</u> responses to temperature	Quantify phenotypic plasticity of <u>behavior</u> to temperature	Quantify phenotypic plasticity of maturation and fecundity	Quantify phenotypic plasticity of maturation and fecundity	Keeley, Baxter, Caudill, Hohenlohe

**Research Area 3: Mapping.** Map GxE outcomes in populations across complex SES to inform management decisions.

**Leads:** Donna Delparte (Lead, ISU) and Morey Burnham (Co-Lead, ISU)

**Team:** Brandt (BSU), Buerki (BSU), Caudill (UI), Caughlin (BSU), Forbey (BSU), Hardy (UI), Hohenlohe (UI), Hopping (BSU), Keeley (ISU), Kliskey (UI), Novak (BSU), Robison (UI), Waits (UI), Reinhardt (ISU), Freemuth (BSU), *Quantitative Population Ecologist hire (BSU)*, *Data Scientist hire (BSU)*, *Environmental Network Systems Scientist hire (BSU)*, *Environmental Social Scientist hire (ISU)*

**Collaborators:** Narum (CRITFC), Richardson (USFS)

**Research Question:** What abiotic, biotic, and anthropogenic factors best explain deviations in predicted adaptive capacity of populations determined from Modeling and Mechanisms across SES systems?

**Summary:** Research Goal 3 is intended to develop a mechanistic understanding of links between genomic diversity, phenotypic plasticity, and SES change. Goal 3 investigators will use observations and correlative data from the field to visualize, validate and propose novel hypotheses related to the links among genotypes, environment, and phenotypic traits identified in Goals 1 and 2 that influence adaptive capacity of populations. Model predictions of adaptive capacity developed in Goal 1 and based on mechanisms linked to adaptive capacity in Goal 2 will be compared to observed population phenotypes and distribution patterns across the landscape to identify deviations from those predictions. Existing and forecasted SES factors will be assessed to determine their impact on the genotypic, environmental, and phenotypic factors that affect adaptive capacity of populations. GxE conditions leading to diversity in demographic phenotypes generated across the landscape will be input for ABMs in Goal 1, and inform designs (e.g., source genotypes and environmental conditions) of controlled common garden experiments described in Goal 2 to test how manipulation of genotypes and landscape processes can alter the adaptive capacity of populations. The team will couple advances in genomics, remote sensing, and computational technology to map mechanisms (Goal 2) and patterns (Goal 3) of GxE outcomes across natural landscapes with social science research approaches to determine where and how complex SES factors and human decisions govern these patterns.

## Research Area 3: Mapping

### Goal 3: Map genotype by environment outcomes in populations across complex SES to inform management decisions.

- Objective 3.1: Map complex SES conditions.
- Objective 3.2: Assess and characterize the range of abiotic and biotic that explain GxE outcomes across SES gradients.
- Objective 3.3: Assess and characterize interactions between human decisions and GxE outcomes.

Activities	Annual Milestones					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible Parties
<b>Objective 3.1: Map complex SES conditions.</b>						
<b>Create mapping tools and SES framework.</b>						
3.1.A.	Identify, test and order sensors for scaling up on-ground & Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)	Validate sensors with abiotic and biotic data at 2-3 sites	Use sensors to collect high resolution SES data and share data types with stakeholders to identify future data needs	Validate new sensors to collect new data types and receive input on sensor needs from other systems	Share remote sensing tools and data for higher resolution scaling up of ecological systems mapping in other systems  Submit manuscript on upscaling methods/tools	Delparte, Forbey, Caughlin, Keeley, Reinhardt, Rachlow
<b>Map SES conditions.</b>						
3.1.B.	Map and analyze land use and land cover change and develop plan to perform quality control at legacy sites	Map and analyze land use and land cover change and perform quality control at legacy and sampling sites for models	Map and analyze land use and land cover change and perform quality control at legacy, sampling and validation sites for models  Publish datasets to NKN site	Improve land use and land cover change classifications based on sampling and validation sites  Publish datasets to NKN site; Submit manuscript	Publish land use and land cover change data products to web mapping application for stakeholder and participant access	Brandt, Delparte

<b>Objective 3.2: Assess and characterize the range of biotic and abiotic factors that explain GxE outcomes across SES gradients.</b>						
<b>Assess and characterize phenomic factors that explain GxE outcomes.</b>						
3.2.A.	Plan and design CBON framework  Map field and remotely sensed measurements of population demographics	Identify and recruit high fidelity observers to develop local knowledge  Design CBON protocols  Generate maps of population demographics from remotely sensed data	Validate predicted species distribution and demography data based on models and use data to refine models  Hold CBON workshop	Analyze and synthesize CBON observations  Use data to refine models and protocol	Analyze and synthesize CBON observations and use data to refine models and protocols  Catalog species distribution and demography metadata to NKN site	Caughlin, Reinhardt, Keeley, Caudill <i>Quantitative Population Ecologist (BSU)</i> , Burnham, Hopping, Kliskey, Waits, Hohenlohe
<b>Assess abiotic and biotic mechanisms of deviation, including human decisions, from demographic distribution models.</b>						
3.2.B.	-	-	Compare spatial predictions of demographics from initial model outputs with observed data	Test predicted and alternative biotic mechanisms	Compare spatial predictions of demographics from revised model outputs	Caughlin, Keeley, Reinhardt, Forbey, Buerki, Hardy Delparte, Waits, Hohenlohe
<b>Objective 3.3: Assess and characterize interactions between human decisions and GxE outcomes.</b>						
<b>Assess desirability of landscape configurations, interventions, and stakeholder decision making.</b>						
3.3.A.	Frame and develop workshops	Hold workshops at core research sites  Hold SAG workshop	Synthesize workshop outcomes for SES model input; interviews  Develop potential	Hold workshops at core research sites; interviews  Hold SAG workshop	Synthesize workshop outcomes for SES model input	Burnham, Kliskey, Hopping

			interventions w/ stakeholder engagement & literature			
<b>Input stakeholder behavior into simulations and policy recommendations.</b>						
3.3.B.	Identify data to be collected for SES mapping/ modeling	Meet with modelers to identify needed data  Collect and describe data	Deliver SES data to modelers, continue to identify needed data  Collect and describe data	Deliver SES data to modelers  Produce 3D visualization product	Hold modeling/ mapping and future scenario workshop at core sites	Burnham, Kliskey, Hopping, Delparte, Waits, Hohenlohe

## Workforce Development

**Lead:** Donna Llewellyn (BSU)

**Team:** Davis (UI), Forbey (BSU), Loxterman (ISU), Martinez (ISU), Penney (UI), Perkins (CWI), Waits (UI), Cooper (CSI), Schmidt (LCSC), Picard (NWIC)

**Summary:** Workforce development (WFD) will increase the number, diversity, and preparation of skilled scientists and engineers in GEM3 fields using a vertically integrated projects (VIP) strategy. The goals and objectives of the WFD component directly integrate with all of the research components and the diversity component by providing: (1) an on-ramp for students from historically underserved populations to get involved through introductory lab modules; (2) the infrastructure for the faculty involved in the GEM3 research components to align their instructional work with their research; and (3) professional development that will improve the ability of the GEM3 researchers and their graduate students to sustain an inclusive and diverse team. Key outcomes include: (1) mentor and peer-mentoring training for faculty, postdocs, graduate and undergraduate students, which will strengthen collaboration, sense of belonging, and retention to degree attainment; (2) cultivation of an enhanced “science identity” and broadened pathways into GEM3 STEM fields. Lab modules in the introductory science classes, authentic research in Core Teams, and summer research will improve recruitment to GEM3 STEM majors and retention to graduation; and (3) increased participation from members of URM populations; low-income, rural, and/or first-generation students; and women. (See GEM3 Metrics.)

## Project Element 4: Workforce Development & Education

**Goal 4: Provide the scaffolding to support transdisciplinary science and grow the next generation of conservation science leaders and workers.**

- Objective 4.1: Adopt a VIP strategy and infrastructure at each university.
- Objective 4.2: Foster effective mentoring and collaboration that spans multiple levels within teams.
- Objective 4.3: Incorporate GEM3 lab modules into introductory lab science courses at universities and colleges.

Activities	Annual Milestones					Responsible Parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Objective 4.1: Adopt a VIP strategy and infrastructure at each university.</b>						
<b>Develop and deliver VIP courses and infrastructure on each university campus and across the state.</b>						
4.1.A.	Organize interested/related faculty	1 course/ university	2 courses/ university	3 courses/ university	5 courses/ university	Llewellyn, Davis, Loxterman
<b>Recruit university undergraduate students to each VIP team and course.</b>						
4.1.B.	Create student recruitment timeline	Recruit students to courses  Collect enrollment data	Improve system for recruiting; continue recruiting	Improve system for recruiting; continue recruiting	Improve system for recruiting; continue recruiting	Llewellyn, Davis, Loxterman
<b>Provide training &amp; professional development to undergraduate and graduate/postdoc VIP participants and faculty leads.</b>						
4.1.C.	Schedule professional development activities  Develop materials and “train the trainer” plan	Refine topics and materials; loop in work with internships  Toolbox Dialogue Initiative Training reaches 70%	Deliver professional development  GEM3 VIP students present at/attend ICUR	Refine topics and materials; loop in work with internships  Toolbox Dialogue Initiative Training reaches 80%	GEM3 VIP students present at/attend ICUR	Llewellyn, Forbey, Waits, Loxterman (Research/ Education Integration leads with Llewellyn)



<b>Integrate faculty and students from 2-year and 4-year campuses in the VIP teams.</b>						
4.1.D.	Integrate PUI targeted URM strategies into recruitment plan	Recruit and support PUI students in summer research	Involve PUI faculty in VIP	Recruit and support PUI students in summer research	Implement plan including ambassadors & PUI contacts	Penney
<b>Objective 4.2: Foster effective mentoring and collaboration that spans multiple levels within teams.</b>						
<b>Provide interdisciplinary graduate student research and mentoring.</b>						
4.2.A.	Faculty mentors with graduate students on each campus, with technology facilitating cross-institutional collaborations	Sponsor 2 seminars/ university on interdisciplinary research methods and teamwork approaches	Faculty mentors with graduate students on each campus, with technology facilitating cross-institutional collaborations	Sponsor 2 seminars/ university on interdisciplinary research methods and teamwork approaches	-	Waits
<b>Engage stakeholders to exchange data, inform research questions, and provide internship opportunities to the students.</b>						
4.2.B.	Arrange meetings between researchers and stakeholders  Develop Effective Practices guide for internship mentoring	Sponsor at least 1 internship per university  Arrange for VIP teams to visit stakeholder locations	Arrange meetings between researchers and stakeholders  Identify new internship opportunities	Share and formalize internships with appropriate university offices  Arrange for VIP teams to visit stakeholder locations	Provide at least 4 internships per university  Formalize internships for sustainability	Forbey, Loxterman, Waits

Objective 4.3: Incorporate GEM3 lab modules into introductory lab science courses at universities and colleges.						
Support graduate students to develop and teach GEM3 lab modules on home campuses.						
4.3.A.	Develop one module per university	Teach 1 module and test an additional module/ university  Provide training for PUI faculty to vet concepts	Teach 1 additional module/ university	Continue teaching modules from across state	Continue teaching modules from across state	Waits, Co-PIs  Llewellyn, Davis, Loxterman, Co-PIs
Support graduate students to teach the lab modules on the partner 2-year and 4-year college campuses.						
4.3.B.	Work with partner campuses to fully integrate into their curriculum	Teach at least 2 modules on partner campus(es)	Ensure that modules will fit PUI coursework	Teach 2+ modules on partner campus(es)	Fully integrate into PUI curriculum	Llewellyn, Davis, Loxterman, PUI liaisons, Co-PIs

## Diversity

**Leads:** Sarah Penney (UI), Donna Llewelyn (BSU)

**Team:** Payne (BSU), Easterly (ISU), Bisbee (UI), Eitel (UI), Bates (BSU), Wood Roberts (ISU).

**Summary:** GEM3 will increase the participation of underrepresented minority groups in STEM (underrepresented minorities (URMs), including Hispanics and Native Americans), low-income, rural and/or first-generation students, and women in Idaho's STEM enterprise. Idaho State Board of Education has a goal for 60% of young adults to hold a postsecondary degree or certificate by 2020; GEM3's goals support retention and degree attainment statewide. A diversity goal is to increase participation at all three institutions, and for GEM3 to lead the way with more ambitious diversity targets. (See GEM3 Metrics.)

## Project Element 5: Diversity

### Goal 5: Attract, retain, and develop a diverse academic research community of faculty and students in GEM3-related areas.

- Objective 5.1: Increase the diversity of the faculty participants working in GEM3 related areas across the participating universities.
- Objective 5.2: Increase the numbers and diversity of the STEM students and improve the inclusion across the state.

Activities	Annual Milestones					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible Parties
<b>Objective 5.1: Increase the diversity of the faculty participants in GEM3 related areas across the participating universities.</b>						
<b>Implement the Idaho START (System to Attract and Retain Talent) program at three universities.</b>						
5.1.A.	Select GEM3-involved department on each campus  Collect recruitment and retention practices	Select second department on each campus  Study career advancement practices and align for effectiveness	Fine tune data collection and update  Add 2-3 more departments  Work with partner 2- and 4-year campuses	Expand to college or other unit-level at one or more campuses  Align R&R with effective practices	Study career advancement practices and align for effectiveness  Institutionalize START across the campuses (3 MOUs)	Llewellyn, START team
<b>Objective 5.2: Increase the numbers and diversity of the STEM students and improve the inclusion across the state.</b>						
<b>Grow the Idaho Diversity Network (IDN) and implement strategies developed through statewide collaboration.</b>						
5.2.A.	Host statewide IDN meetings tri-annually	Increase IDN membership and e-news list-serve by 20%  Implement 1 new priority area initiatives	Host statewide IDN meetings tri-annually	Host statewide IDN meetings tri-annually  Implement 2 new priority area initiatives	Host statewide IDN meetings tri-annually  Increase IDN membership and e-news list-serve by 20%	IDN Leadership Team

Promote and implement GEM3 diversity plan and training to increase participation from underserved populations.						
5.2.B.	Integrate PUI targeted URM strategies into recruitment plan  Host statewide Inclusive mentoring training	Implement plan in coordination with GEM3 VIP efforts  Host statewide Inclusive Mentoring Training at UI	Implement plan in coordination with GEM3 VIP efforts  Host Inclusive Mentoring training with ICUR at BSU	Implement plan in coordination with GEM3 VIP efforts  Host statewide Inclusive Mentoring Training at ISU	Host Inclusive Mentoring training at universities  Host Inclusive Mentoring training at PUIs	IDN Leadership Team, PUI contacts, Tribal education representatives

## Partnerships and Collaborations

**Lead:** Ron Hardy (UI) & Jennifer Forbey (BSU)

**Partners:** Narum (CRITFC), Germino (IDFG, BLM, USGS), Richardson (USFS)

**Summary:** GEM3 will leverage state and federal resources to promote sustainable outcomes. Engagement of agency partners at all levels (biologists, land managers, policy makers, and administrators) will facilitate integration of science into management and policy and provide opportunities for knowledge sharing and development of professional networks between students and potential future employers.

## Project Element 6: Partnerships

**Goal 6: Facilitate integration of science into management and policy and provide opportunities for knowledge sharing and development of professional networks between students and potential future employers.**

- Objective 6.1: Utilize existing legacy data to build models and tools that assist state and federal agencies with resource management.
- Objective 6.2: Maintain and expand partnerships with other large NSF and federally funded projects.
- Objective 6.3: Promote STEM opportunities among faculty at PUIs and career pathways for students.

Activities	Annual Milestones					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible Parties
<b>Objective 6.1: Utilize existing legacy data to build models and tools that assist state and federal agencies with resource management.</b>						
<b>Partner with state and federal agencies with responsibilities for species of interest.</b>						
6.1.A.	Obtain genomic and demographic data from USGS, USFS, BLM, CRITFC, IDFG, and others	Communicate model output from legacy data with partners  Finalize MOUs	Test of model predictions in sites of interest to partners	Test of model predictions in sites of interest to partners	Test of model predictions in sites of interest to partners	Forbey, Reinhardt, Hardy (agency partners)
<b>Strengthen partnership with Shoshone-Bannock Tribe for research collaborations and workforce development.</b>						
6.1.B.	Recruit native students into internship and graduate student positions	Mentor native students as interns and graduates	Communicate GEM3 outputs to tribes and other agencies	Mentor native students as interns and graduates	Communicate outputs of data to tribes and other agencies	Baxter
<b>Objective 6.2: Maintain and expand partnerships with other large NSF and federally funded projects.</b>						
<b>Collaborate with research partners.</b>						
6.2.A.	Utilize online access to information about the flora of Pacific Northwest	Share plant data and utilize online access to information about the flora of Pacific Northwest	Share plant data and utilize online access to information about the flora of Pacific Northwest	Share plant data and utilize online access to information about the flora of Pacific Northwest	Share plant data and utilize online access to information about the flora of Pacific Northwest	Forbey and Hardy, Kliskey (research partners)

<b>Formalize and collaborate with STEM Education, Diversity, and Workforce Development partners.</b>						
6.2.B.	Draft MOUs with partners	Finalize 2 MOUs with partners	Implement agreements for training and recruitment	Revise MOUs with partners	Implement agreements for training and recruitment	Forbey (education partners)
<b>Objective 6.3: Promote STEM opportunities among faculty at 2-year and 4-year colleges and career pathways for students.</b>						
<b>Involve faculty and students from PUIs and tribes in GEM3.</b>						
6.3.A.	Ensure educational alignment with PUI and tribal administrators	Recruit PUI and tribal college students to participate VIP courses, internships and facilitate transfer of credits	Recruit PUI and tribal students to pursue advanced degrees with GEM3 faculty	Recruit PUI and tribal students to pursue advanced degrees with GEM3 faculty	Recruit PUI and tribal students to pursue advanced degrees with GEM3 faculty	Forbey and Llewellyn
<b>Facilitate internship and career preparation opportunities.</b>						
6.3.B.	Establish MOUs for internships with industry and agency partners	Provide 3 internship opportunities with industry and agency partners	Provide resume building and interview training with industry and agency partners	Provide 6 internship opportunities with industry and agency partners	Provide resume building and interview training with industry and agency partners	Forbey and Llewellyn (agency partners and stakeholders)

## Communication and Dissemination Plan

**Leads:** EOD Coordinator, Sarah Penney (UI) and R&E Convergence Team (Ron Hardy (UI), Jennifer Forbey (BSU), Colden Baxter (ISU))

**Summary:** The intent of the GEM3 Communication and Dissemination Plan is to: (1) foster successful collaboration, including sharing of data and findings, across disciplinary, institutional, and other boundaries, and (2) help Idaho prepare a diverse, well-trained STEM workforce and scientifically informed citizenry.

## Project Element 7: Communication and Dissemination

### Goal 7: Strengthen research and education capacity through collaboration and recognition.

- Objective 7.1: Facilitate recurrent communication among GEM3 participants and institutions.
- Objective 7.2: Promote public, stakeholder, and student awareness and interest in GEM3 research.

Activities	Annual Milestones					Responsible Parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Objective 7.1: Facilitate recurrent communication among GEM3 participants and institutions.</b>						
<b>Foster regularly occurring cross-project interaction.</b>						
7.1.A.	Host bi-weekly R&E Convergence, 3 All-Hands, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host bi-weekly R&E Convergence, 3 All-Hands, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host bi-weekly R&E Convergence, 3 All-Hands, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host bi-weekly R&E Convergence, 3 All-Hands, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host bi-weekly R&E Convergence, 3 All-Hands, and 1 Annual Meeting	Project Director, Co-PIs
<b>Develop skills, shared platforms, and language to facilitate research and education collaboration.</b>						
7.1.B.	Host 1 statewide Collaborative Toolbox workshop  Provide VIP and Working Group training  Develop data sharing platform  Develop Communication Charter	Host 3 Collaborative Toolbox workshops  Provide VIP and Working Group training  Implement data sharing platform  Provide communications training	Host 1 statewide Collaborative Toolbox workshop  Provide VIP training  Review/revise Communication Charter	Host 3 Collaborative Toolbox workshops  Update data sharing platform  Provide communications training	Host 1 statewide Collaborative Toolbox workshop  Review/Revise Communication Charter  GEM3 data available to public	Penney, Schumaker

<b>Objective 7.2: Promote public, stakeholder, and student awareness and interest in GEM3 research.</b>						
<b>Disseminate scientific results.</b>						
7.2.A.	-	Identify targeted conferences	Identify data to share with public  Present at targeted conferences	Present at targeted conferences	Make GEM3 data available to public  Identify and present at targeted conferences	Co-PIs
<b>Produce and distribute project results and communications material.</b>						
7.2.B.	Publish 2 media releases  Distribute 3 newsletters  Participate in 3 stakeholder-sponsored events	Publish 3 media releases  Distribute 3 newsletters and 2 videos  Convert abstracts for the public	Publish 5 media releases  Distribute 3 newsletters  Participate in 6 stakeholder-sponsored events	Publish 6 media releases  Distribute 3 newsletters and 5 videos  Convert abstracts for the public	Publish 6 media releases  Distribute 3 newsletters and 7 videos  Participate in 8 stakeholder-sponsored events	Penney
<b>Develop partnership with other Idaho organizations with complementary goals for STEM research, diversity, and education.</b>						
7.2.C.	Establish mutual objectives with STEM Action Center	Support 1 joint activity with STEM Action Center  Establish Communication Fellows program	Communication Fellows produce 6 media products	Support 3 joint activities with STEM Action Center	Communication Fellows produce 9 media products	Penney



## Sustainability

**Leads:** Colden Baxter (ISU) & Shawn Benner (BSU)

**Summary:** Sustainability of GEM3 activities is of paramount importance to ensure that investments from NSF, the State of Idaho, and stakeholders will continue after the award period. GEM3 will: (1) ensure ongoing education and human resources development and (2) support and sustain efforts to advance knowledge on how species adapt to external stressors in a changing environment.

**Part 1: Education and Human Resources Development:** For every participant to: (1) measurably increase in professional skills in data management and communications, and (2) retain 80% of the full-time permanent participants in the project five years beyond the award.

**Part 2: Post RII Track-1 Extramural Funding:** The vision and plan for sustaining the GEM3 research and education activities beyond the award period is based on two strategies: institutionalizing project outcomes (4.7.1) and building competitiveness for extramural funding. GEM3 investigators will build lasting collaborations that enable them to address complex questions and foster innovation. GEM3 will prepare participants for funding programs in multiple Directorates and Divisions of NSF, NIH and other agency program areas. Participating faculty are expected to submit at least two proposals/year to external funding programs. The GEM3 R&E Convergence Team will be key to helping identify and target funding opportunities.

<b>Project Element 8: Sustainability</b>						
<b>Goal 8: To develop and establish the practice of nationally competitive GEM3-related research and education at participating institutions.</b>						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Objective 8.1: Build sustainable intellectual and transdisciplinary research capacity and expertise.</li> <li>• Objective 8.2: Build sustainable education, diversity, and workforce development capacity.</li> </ul>						
Activities	Annual Milestones					Responsible Parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Objective 8.1: Build sustainable intellectual and transdisciplinary research capacity and expertise.</b>						
<b>Recruit and hire personnel.</b>						
8.1.A.	Initiate START  Recruit faculty	Hire 3 new faculty  Fill graduate student cohort, hire postdocs	Hire 3 new faculty	Fill graduate student openings  Fill postdoc openings	Report impact of 6 institutionalized faculty hires	Co-PIs

<b>Develop and demonstrate research competitiveness and leadership.</b>						
8.1.B.	Initiate transdisciplinary WFD training	Annually submit 2 proposals per RA or postdoc FTE  Provide WFD training  Form 2+ Proposal Working Groups	Win cumulative \$10M new funding	Submit 3 NSF CAREER proposals  Submit 2 proposals per research assistant or postdoc	Submit 3 NSF CAREER proposals	Co-PIs
<b>Establish national recognition of GEM3 research.</b>						
8.1.C.	-	12 Conference presentations	10 Peer-reviewed manuscripts published	12 Peer-reviewed manuscripts published	12 Peer-reviewed manuscripts published	Co-PIs
<b>Enhance coordination and integration across existing institutional centers.</b>						
Aspirational	Document current center capabilities and connections	Identify potential overlap of missions at centers	Initiate MOU of action items for greater Idaho-wide integration of centers	Initiate key action items	Promote success and benefits of integration	Project Director
<b>Objective 8.2: Build sustainable education, diversity, and workforce development capacity.</b>						
<b>Institutionalize vertical integration project (VIP) model.</b>						
8.2.A.	-	-	Establish capacity to sustain and track VIP courses and participants	VIP established in curricula (e.g., courses in catalogs)	VIP established in curricula (e.g., courses in catalogs)	Llewellyn
<b>Institutionalize diversity best practices developed in START program.</b>						
8.2.B.	-	Apply mentoring and retention programs (START)	-	Apply mentoring and retention programs (START)	Institutionalize START	START Coordinators

Increase opportunities for faculty/research positions filled by Native Americans or members of URM groups.						
Aspirational	Identify university and tribal leaders	Establish Working Groups	Explore approaches for novel positions (e.g., extension positions)  Seek institutional commitment to position (s)	Plan for institutional commitment to position (s)	-	Project Director

### Management, Evaluation and Assessment Plan

**Leads:** Janet Nelson (UI) & Rick Schumaker (UI)

**Key Participants:** Hardy (UI), Forbey (BSU), Baxter (ISU), Reinhardt (ISU), Llewellyn (BSU), Penney (UI), Benner (BSU), Heath (BSU), Robison (UI)

**Summary:** Idaho’s GEM3 EPSCoR management plan provides overall management and oversight and facilitates integration and collaboration across both teams and institutions to meet project goals. An established and successful team science-based management strategy will be utilized. General oversight is provided by the *Idaho EPSCoR Committee*, including the *Executive Committee (ExComm)*, which includes the State Committee Chair, Vice Chair, the respective Vice Presidents for Research at UI, ISU and BSU.

## Project Element 9: Management & Evaluation/Assessment

### Goal 9: Ensure continual progress and timely attainment of project goals and outcomes.

- Objective 9.1: Provide effective and compliant oversight of day-to-day project implementation (operations).
- Objective 9.2: Generate and obtain information and external input to enhance program effectiveness (accountability).
- Objective 9.3: Instill practices and customs that enrich transdisciplinary integration across topic areas and institutions (integration).
- Objective 9.4: Foster RII alignment with state and national priorities (alignment).

Annual Milestones						
Activities	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible Parties
<b>Objective 9.1: Provide effective and compliant oversight of day-to-day project implementation.</b>						
<b>Manage administrative information and data sharing.</b>						
9.1.A.	Implement internal reporting system	Review partnership agreements	Use internal reporting system	Review partnership agreements	Use internal reporting system	Project Director, Schumaker
	Host 10 leadership meetings	Use internal reporting system	Host 10 leadership meetings	Use internal reporting system	Host 10 leadership meetings	
	Develop shared software platform	Host 10 leadership meetings	Oversee Working Groups	Host 10 leadership meetings	Oversee Working Groups	
	Establish Working Groups	Oversee Working Groups	Monitor budget	Oversee Working Groups	Monitor budget	
	Monitor budget	Monitor budget		Monitor budget		
<b>Objective 9.2: Generate and obtain information and external input to enhance program effectiveness.</b>						
<b>Plan, monitor, and report progress.</b>						
9.2.A.	Assess 4 internal progress reports, 1 PAB report, and 1 evaluation plan	Assess 4 internal progress reports, 1 PAB report, and 1 evaluation report	Assess 4 internal progress reports, 1 PAB report, and 1 evaluation report	Assess 4 internal progress reports, 1 PAB report, and 1 evaluation report	Assess 4 internal progress reports, 1 PAB report, and 1 evaluation report	Schumaker, Project Director
	Submit annual report to NSF	Submit annual report to NSF	Submit annual report to NSF	Submit annual report to NSF	Submit annual report to NSF	

	Develop Strategic Plan	Implement Strategic Plan, External Evaluation Plan Monitor milestones	Update Strategic Plan and External Evaluation Plan Monitor milestones	Update Strategic Plan and External Evaluation Plan Monitor milestones	Implement Strategic Plan, External Evaluation Plan Monitor milestones	
<b>Formally evaluate and assess program activities.</b>						
9.2.B.	Conduct SWOT analysis  Host 2 PAB meetings  Respond to PAB report	Host 2 PAB meetings  Respond to PAB and external evaluation reports  Lead RSV  Review proposal success	Assess seed funding outcomes  Host 2 PAB meetings  Implement response to PAB, RSV, and external evaluation reports	Host NSF Site Visit  Assess Seed Funding outcomes  Host 2 PAB meetings Respond to PAB and external evaluation reports  Review proposal success	Host 2 PAB meetings  Implement response to PAB, external evaluation, and Site Visit reports	Project Director, Schumaker, Bogar
<b>Objective 9.3: Instill practices and customs that enrich transdisciplinary integration across topic areas and institutions.</b>						
<b>Bring people from different organizations and disciplines together in productive meetings/events.</b>						
9.3.A.	Host 2 leadership retreats, 6 meetings of cross-component leads, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host 2 leadership retreats, 6 meetings of cross-component leads, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host 2 leadership retreats, 6 meetings of cross-component leads, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host 2 leadership retreats, 6 meetings of cross-component leads, and 1 Annual Meeting	Host 2 leadership retreats, 6 meetings of cross-component leads, and 1 Annual Meeting	Schumaker
<b>Communication and Dissemination (see Activity 7.1.B.)</b>						

<b>Objective 9.4: Foster RII alignment with state and national priorities.</b>						
<b>Support State EPSCoR Committee governance.</b>						
9.4.A.	Host 3 EPSCoR Committee meetings	Host 3 EPSCoR Committee meetings  Participate in national events	Host 3 EPSCoR Committee meetings	Host 3 EPSCoR Committee meetings  Participate in national events	Host 3 EPSCoR Committee meetings	Project Director
<b>Administer RII Seed Funding Program.</b>						
9.4.B.	Formalize guidelines for research and WFD awards  Select and allocate 4 Research and 1 WFD awards	Select and allocate 4 Research and 1 WFD awards  Monitor award progress	Revise guidelines  Select and allocate 3 Research and 2 WFD awards  Monitor award progress	Select and allocate 4 Research and 1 WFD awards  Monitor award progress	Complete Research and WFD awards  Report award accomplishments	Project Director, Schumaker

## GEM3 METRICS

<b>Integration</b>	<b>Y1</b>	<b>Y2</b>	<b>Y3</b>	<b>Y4</b>	<b>Y5</b>
# cross-institutional publications acknowledging GEM3	0	1	2	3	4
<b>Research, Education, WFD, &amp; Seed Funding</b>	<b>Y1</b>	<b>Y2</b>	<b>Y3</b>	<b>Y4</b>	<b>Y5</b>
# publications acknowledging GEM3	3	6	10	12	40
# interdisciplinary publications acknowledging GEM3	2	5	8	10	20
# of publications with PUI faculty as co-authors	0	1	2	2	2
# publications with undergrads as co-authors	0	1	3	5	6
# new grants supporting GEM3 research	0	2	6	8	10
# national plus international conference presentations	4	12	15	20	30
# GEM3 collaborative proposals submitted	0	2	6	8	10
# new genotype to phenotype models developed	0	1	2	3	4
% of VIP metrics attained	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
% retention of PUI faculty within VIP teams	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Vertically Integrated courses/institution (UI, BSU, ISU)	0	1	2	3	5
Faculty in VIP teams at each university (includes PUI faculty)	3	6	6	9	15
Postdocs involved in VIP teams across state	5	6	7	8	8
Graduate students involved in teams across state	7	8	9	10	10
Undergraduate students involved in VIP courses at each university	0	10	25	40	75
PUI students involved in teams	0	8	10	10	12
Students in summer research experiences (SREs)	0	23	23	23	23
# publications resulting from seed grants	0	3	5	6	12
# seed grants resulting in external grant awards	0	1	2	3	3
<b>Diversity</b>	<b>Y1</b>	<b>Y2</b>	<b>Y3</b>	<b>Y4</b>	<b>Y5</b>
# of the 7 institution-level metrics in proposal w/ increases consistent w/ 5-year targets	4	6	7	7	7
# of the 7 GEM3-level metrics in proposal w/ increases consistent w/ 5-year targets	5	7	7	7	7
Total # STEM undergraduate enrollment	8717	8891	9069	9250	9435
<b>Sustainability</b>	<b>Y1</b>	<b>Y2</b>	<b>Y3</b>	<b>Y4</b>	<b>Y5</b>
# MOUs formalized GEM3 partnerships	0	1	1	2	3
# of established courses that include GEM3 outputs	0	3	6	9	9
# of GEM3 postdocs placed in career positions	0	1	2	3	4

## RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

### GEM3 Risk Catalog

GEM3 Risk Catalog					
No.	Risk	Risk Likelihood	Risk Impact	Immediacy of Impact	Major Actions or Mitigation Activity for high likelihood risks
		<b>High</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Immediate</b>	
		<b>Medium</b>	<b>Medium</b>	<b>Mid-Term</b>	
		<b>Low</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Distant</b>	
Risk Category: Research					
1	Successful integration of social science components in to the ABM process, as well as ABM/Participatory/scenario development into the stakeholder advisory group process.				Establish collaboration between teams early, and jointly develop research questions and data collection protocols. Develop protocols collaboration and data handoffs. Foster extensive integration and teamwork across disciplines and universities.
2	Limited representation of the human system in the ABMs (focused on stressors in the form of population growth and land use change).				Identify and incorporate more holistic ways of representing human systems in ABMs.
3	Unclear plan for developing CBONs.				Determine CBON sites, and develop implementation plan.
4	Short timeline for experimental data, especially when it needs to be included in iterative modeling efforts.				Review status of experimental data quarterly and adjust timelines and resources if needed.
5	Amount of genetics work needed to be done on sagebrush before proposed modeling can be done.				Begin modeling with existing legacy data and review status of genetics work quarterly.
6	Genetic and genomics not addressing relevant complexity of within-species variation in the two focal species.				Revise <i>de novo</i> sequencing and gene assembly to incorporate alternative approaches.



7	Lack of clarity about life-history phenotypes (and other phenotyping details) with respect to modeling work.				Clearly identify integration among modeling frameworks and experimental validation, including links between phenotyping and modeling.
8	Inability to transfer knowledge to other focal species or systems.				Include trout and sagebrush empirical researchers in the modeling working groups.
9	Cross-institutional collaboration is difficult.				Co-mentoring of postdocs and grad students across institutions.
10	Key faculty are potentially overcommitted.				Regularly monitor time commitments, particularly when new awards and projects are granted. Work with department chairs to re-align time commitments, enlist complementary personnel, or provide teaching release.
<b>Risk Category: Workforce Development</b>					
11	Early inclusion/involvement of tribal members (especially in training and educational activities).				Engage in discussions early in first year, utilize tribal relations and existing connections and programs.
12	Few diverse students interested in GEM3 to recruit				Strengthen recruitment pathways with existing STEM programs.
13	Few opportunities for pre-college educational engagement for students or educators.				Promote plans for seed-grants for K-12 outreach activities linked to the project and make sure that all campuses are aware of partner organization STEM education opportunities.
14	Need for educational specialist.				Utilize input from college of education participants and their colleagues, and work with external evaluator on how to assess outreach and educational plan.
15	VIP approach being top-down to the PUI campuses.				Ensure PUI campuses are brought into the VIP and lab module development plans early rather than just being receivers of a finished product.
16	Lack of details about specific professional development plans and assessments for faculty, postdocs, graduate students, and undergraduates.				Utilize established mentoring plans and monitor and document compliance every six months.
17	Lack of existing structure at ISU and UI to set up VIP courses.				Meet in first quarter to start planning, have BSU share as much as possible, and meet with upper level administration and departmental leadership.

18	Potential reluctance of faculty to participate in VIP with fidelity, or to allow their graduate students to participate in all of the components.				Have leads meet with the faculty one-on-one to explain and offer support, have check-ins across the universities.
19	Ability to authentically engage students and faculty at our 2-year and 4-year partner campuses.				Engage partners during first quarter in planning, continue to keep them engaged with implementation throughout, and give them a voice.
<b>Risk Category: Diversity</b>					
20	Ability to recruit faculty from underrepresented groups, along with ability to support students from these groups.				Ensure that all campuses are ready to implement Idaho START faculty diversity recruiting and retention plan. Empower the coordinators for this during the first quarter, and have them meet with participants regularly.
21	Ability to meet diversity metrics for faculty.				Identify current URM faculty and see if can engage in any way. Recruit sabbatical visiting faculty who represent URMs. Implement START best practices in first year to recruit for new EPSCoR faculty positions.
<b>Risk Category: Management and Communication</b>					
22	Loss of purpose and focus for meetings, leading to loss of participation or interest.				Plan meetings carefully, seek participant feedback, respond to feedback, make meeting products easily available.
23	Significant change in university leadership statewide.				Engage State Committee to re-affirm roles and responsibilities; develop clarifying written agreements as needed.
24	Transition of PD/PI.				Seek to hire using inclusive best practices; leadership team remain cohesive and active; implement solid transition plan.
25	Complexity of interdependencies among components.				Additional effort to identify and clarify interdependencies; develop conceptual models.
26	Vague articulation of goals.				Clarify SMART goals; review Strategic Plan regularly and update annually.

## APPENDIX A: Project Participants, Affiliations, and Roles

<b>Project Leaders</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Affiliation</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Project Element(s)</b>	<b>Role(s)</b>
Janet Nelson	Vice President	UI	Research & Economic Development	Project Leadership, Management/Evaluation & Assessment (Mgmt/Eval)	Interim Project Director, PI
Colden Baxter	Professor	ISU	Biology	Mechanisms, Communication, Sustainability, Mgmt/Eval	Co-PI, Sustainability Lead
Jennifer Forbey	Assoc. Professor	BSU	Biology	Modeling, Mechanisms, Mapping, WFD, Partnerships, Communication, Integration, Mgmt/Eval	Co-PI, Partnerships Co-Lead
Ronald Hardy	Director & Professor	UI	Aquaculture Research Institute	Mechanisms, Modeling, Mapping, Partnerships, Communication, Mgmt/Eval	Co-PI, Mechanisms (Trout) Lead, Partnerships Lead
<b>Team Leaders</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Affiliation</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Project Element(s)</b>	<b>Role(s)</b>
Shawn Benner	Professor	BSU	Geosciences	Sustainability, Mgmt/Eval	Sustainability Co-Lead
Morey Burnham	Research Asst./Professor	ISU	Sociology	Mapping, Modeling, Mgmt/Eval	Faculty, Mapping Co-Lead
Donna Delparte	Assoc. Professor	ISU	Geosciences	Mapping, Mgmt/Eval	Faculty, Mapping Lead
Julie Heath	Professor	BSU	Biology	Modeling, Mgmt/Eval	Faculty, Modeling Co-Lead
Donna Llewellyn	Executive Director	BSU	STEM & Diversity Initiatives	WFD	Faculty, WFD Lead
Sarah Penney	Education, Outreach, Diversity (EOD) Coordinator	UI	EPSCoR	Diversity, WFD, Communication, Mgmt/Eval	Staff, Diversity Lead, Communication Lead
Keith Reinhardt	Asst. Professor	ISU	Biology	Mechanisms, Modeling, Mapping, Mgmt/Eval	Faculty, Mechanisms (Sagebrush) Lead
Barrie Robison	Director & Professor	UI	IBEST	Modeling, Mapping, Mgmt/Eval	Faculty, Modeling Lead
Rick Schumaker	Asst. Project Director/Project Administrator	UI	EPSCoR	Mgmt/Eval	Asst. Project Director
<b>Team Members</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Affiliation</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Project Element(s)</b>	<b>Role(s)</b>
John Abatzoglou	Assoc. Professor	UI	Geography	Modeling	Faculty
Catherine Bates	Coordinator	BSU	STEM Diversity & LSAMP	Diversity	Other Professional

Yolonda Bisbee	Executive Director of Tribal Relations	UI	Office of Equity & Diversity	Diversity	Other Professional (START coordinator)
Jodi Brandt	Asst. Professor	BSU	College of Innovation & Design	Modeling, Mapping	Faculty
Sven Buerki	Asst. Professor	BSU	Biology	Mechanisms, Mapping	Faculty
Christopher Caudill	Assoc. Professor	UI	Fish & Wildlife Sciences	Modeling, Mechanisms, Mapping	Faculty
T. Trevor Caughlin	Asst. Professor	BSU	Biology	Modeling, Mechanisms, Mapping	Faculty
Jeff Cooper	Asst. Professor	CSI	Soils, Water, and Natural Resource Management	WFD	Faculty
Melinda Davis	Director, STEM Education	UI	Education, Health & Human Sciences	WFD	Other Professional
Debra Easterly	Asst. Vice President	ISU	Research Outreach & Compliance	Diversity	Other Professional (START coordinator)
Karla Eitel	Assoc. Research Professor	UI	McCall Outdoor Science School	Diversity	Faculty
John Freemuth	Professor & Executive Director	BSU	Public Policy & Administration, Andrus Center	Mapping	Faculty
Matthew Germino	Supervisory Research Ecologist	USGS	Snake River Field Station	Mechanisms	Other Professional/Research Collaborator
Vicken Hillis	Asst. Professor	BSU	College of Innovation & Design	Modeling	Faculty
Paul Hohenlohe	Assoc. Professor	UI	Biology	Mechanisms	Faculty
Kelly Hopping	Asst. Professor	BSU	College of Innovation & Design	Modeling, Mapping	Faculty
Ernest Keeley	Professor	ISU	Biology	Mechanisms, Mapping	Faculty
Andrew Kliskey	Assoc. Professor	UI	Forest, Rangeland, & Fire Sciences	Modeling, Mapping	Faculty
Janet Loxterman	Asst. Chair/Assoc. Professor	ISU	Biology	Mechanisms, WFD, Integration	Faculty
Sonia Martinez	STEM Diversity & Outreach Coordinator	ISU	Research Outreach & Compliance	WFD	Other Professional
Shawn Narum	Senior Scientist/Lead Geneticist	CRITFC	Fishery Science	Modeling, Mechanisms, Mapping	Other Professional/Research Collaborator (Genetics)

Stephen Novak	Professor	BSU	Biology	Mechanisms, Mapping	Faculty
Michelle Payne	Asst. Provost & Professor	BSU	Academic Leadership & Faculty Affairs	Diversity	Other Professional (START coordinator)
Dusty Perkins	Assoc. Professor	CWI	Biology	WFD	Community College Faculty
Maggie Picard	Faculty Instructor	NWIC	Native Environmental Science	Diversity	Faculty
Janet Rachlow	Professor	UI	Fish & Wildlife Sciences	Modeling	Faculty
Bryce Richardson	Research Geneticist	USFS	Rocky Mountain Research Station	Modeling, Mechanisms, Mapping	Other Professional/Research Collaborator (Plant Genetics)
Carrie Roever	Environmental Data Manager	UI	Northwest Knowledge Network	Modeling, Data Management	Other Professional
Keegan Schmidt	Professor	LCSC	Natural Sciences and Mathematics	WFD	Faculty
Brian Small	Professor	UI	Fish & Wildlife Sciences	Mechanisms	Faculty
Lisette Waits	University Distinguished Professor & Department Head	UI	Fish & Wildlife Sciences	Modeling, Mechanisms, Mapping, WFD, Integration	Faculty
Holly Wichman	University Distinguished Professor & Director, CMCI	UI	Biology	Modeling	Faculty
Barbara Wood Roberts	Director Intercultural Competence Lab	ISU	Graduate Outreach Management	Diversity	Faculty
New Hire – Years 1-2	Genetics Scientist	ISU		Mechanisms (Sagebrush)	Faculty
New Hire – Year 2	Ecological Genomic Modeler	BSU		Modeling, Mechanisms	Faculty
New Hire – Year 2	Environmental Social Scientist	ISU		Mapping	Faculty
New Hire – Years 2-3	Environmental Network Systems Scientist	BSU		Mapping	Faculty
New Hire – Years 2-3	Quantitative Population Ecologist	BSU		Modeling, Mapping	Faculty
New Hire – Year 3	Data Scientist	BSU		Mapping	Faculty

## APPENDIX B: Results of SWOT Analysis

In June 2018, members of the individual GEM3 components as well as GEM3 leaders met independently to develop SWOT analyses for their components. These analyses were discussed and refined by component leads as a group in an August 2018 meeting and again at the September 2018 Strategic Planning Meeting. When asked to identify strengths, many GEM3 faculty pointed to the experience of the researchers, the interdisciplinary nature of the science and of the research teams, and the innovative approaches being applied. Major weaknesses cited included the integration of social sciences, funding limitations, and the potential difficulties involved in the complex nature of the proposed research.

### Research (Modeling/Mechanisms/Mapping)

#### *Strengths*

- Experience in assembling and sustaining stakeholder panels and research methods associated with carrying out participatory modeling.
- Cluster of core facilities for ABM.
- Value of complex and spatially-explicit modeling frameworks and planned experimental validation as tools.
- Emphasis on origins of adaptive phenotypic variation as influenced by genes expressed differently across environments.
- Strong knowledge base for volatile and non-volatile chemicals, adaptive and physiological traits for sagebrush.
- Potential to inform resource management decision-making.

#### *Weaknesses*

- Successful integration of social science components in to the ABM process, as well as ABM/Participatory/scenario development into the stakeholder advisory group process, will require extensive integration and teamwork across disciplines and universities.
- Environmental and human dimensions associated with the phenomic information.
- Detail needed to understand the integration of decision-making heuristics into the ABM to assess both how decisions might change over time, and what impact those decision might have.
- Unclear plan for develop CBONs.
- Amount of genetics work needed to be done on sagebrush before proposed modeling can be done.
- Difficulty of attributing genomic variation to overlapping contributions of spatial genetic processes (e.g., isolation by distance), historical demography, and past vs current selective environments.

#### *Opportunities*

- A tighter integration of the ecological expertise at BSU with the evolutionary expertise at UI.
  - An eco-evo component can be included in the ABMs.
- A geospatial “layered” model of Idaho can serve as a foundation for other groups beyond EPSCoR, such as CMCI (regional health disparities).
  - NKN has expertise with these kinds of data.
- This group offers the potential for statewide coordination of strategies for research computing infrastructure and genomics infrastructure.
- Explore if an MOU be developed that offers “internal” client rates for in state Universities?

#### *Threats*

- Tribalism and fiefdoms. Collaborating across institutions is difficult and requires perseverance and commitment.
- Key faculty are potentially overcommitted.
- “What if” alternative environments are key or interactive (e.g. low-dissolved O<sub>2</sub>).

## **Workforce Development**

### ***Strengths***

- Use of VIP as a unifying approach for education, training, and recruitment.
- Use of student ambassadors to recruit peers and providing a strong network and guidance for undergraduates to increase graduation rates.
- Inclusion of training on mentoring and diversity (see Review Number 1 under Workforce Development paragraph on page 2).
- The development of the lab modules (See Review Number 2 under Workforce Development on page 2).

### ***Weaknesses***

- Lack of inclusion/involvement of tribal members (especially in training and educational activities).
- Lack of a plan for recruiting diverse students.
- Lack of plans for educational engagement earlier than college level for students or educators.
- Concern about VIP approach being top-down to the PUI campuses.

### ***Opportunities***

- Potential to provide a system-wide curriculum.
- Engage with faculty and potential stakeholders at beginning of project.

### ***Threats***

- Potential reluctance of faculty to participate in VIPs with fidelity.
  - Mitigation – have leads meet with the faculty one on one to explain and offer support, have check-ins across the universities.
- Potential reluctance of faculty to allow their graduate students to participate in all of the components of the plan.
  - Mitigation - have leads meet with the faculty one on one to explain and offer support, have check-ins across the universities.

## **Diversity**

### ***Strengths***

- Idaho Diversity Network (IDN) established and can be utilized to accomplish objectives.
- Funding identified to implement key GEM3 objectives.
- Successful track record and mentoring conference model to follow.
- PUI contacts identified (those who provided letters of support) have familiarity with EPSCoR and strong track record of identifying URM student participants and engaging their PUI faculty.

### ***Weaknesses***

- Ability to meet diversity metrics for faculty (although not a weakness indicated by reviewers).

### ***Opportunities***

- Can explore ways to expand the IDN to best meet needs of GEM3 in regard to statewide training.
- Can potentially utilize NSF INCLUDES such as The InterMountain Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Launch Pilot (IM STEM) as way to scale up practices to other institutions.

### ***Threats***

- Can explore ways to expand the IDN to best meet needs of GEM3 in regard to statewide training.
- Ability to meet diversity metrics for faculty (Mitigation ideas above in Risk Management Plan).
- Working on specific actions and training for 4 new hires at BSU.

## Partnerships and Collaborations

### *Strengths*

- Use of existing USFS common garden plots and United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Fish Culture Experiment Station, USDA ARS Reynolds Creek.
- Involvement of existing centers: Laboratory for Ecological, Evolutionary and Conservation Genetics (LEECG), Institute for Bioinformatics and Evolutionary Studies (IBEST), Center for Modeling Complex Interactions (CMCI), Center for Resilient Communities (CRC), and the Andrus Center for Public Policy.
- Partnership between science and education are strong at BSU with established infrastructure through VIPs and curriculum reform and the use of GA support from Biological Sciences and Ecology, Evolution, and Behavior programs.
- Leverage strong infrastructure of internship program established through NIH INBRE at Idaho Institutions and build industry partnerships and mechanisms for credit and paid positions through existing undergraduate programs.

### *Weaknesses*

- Partnerships with tribes associated with education are limited. Potential mitigation is to leverage these educational partnerships that do exist at ISU that were built from previous EPSCoR.
- While partnership between science and education are strong at BSU the mechanisms used to create and sustain these may be difficult to transfer.

### *Opportunities*

- Leverage infrastructure established for internships through NIH INBRE and existing curricula opportunities.

### *Threats*

- Buy-in from faculty.
- Potential lack of interest in basic science for agency partners. Need to emphasize translation of basic science to their mission and vision.
- Ownership of data may be problematic especially with tribes. Potential mitigation is to establish agreements with sharing data that may have intellectual properties and to build trust by leveraging established relationships. One option is to formalize intellectual property (IP) agreements that do exist across to other institutions.

## Communication and Dissemination Plan

### *Strengths*

- Experience producing newsletters and other materials for distribution.
- Experience facilitating large multi-scale, multi-institutional collaborations.

### *Weaknesses*

- Communications may not be recognized as a shared responsibility.

### *Opportunities*

- Relevance of GEM3 research & education to Idaho citizens is high.
- Greater collaboration & potential for convergent research.

### *Threats*

- Lack of time or number of individuals involved.
- Meeting-fatigue.
- Loss of purpose and focus for meetings, leading to loss of participation or interest.



## APPENDIX C: Glossary of Abbreviations and Acronyms

<b>ABM</b>	Agent Based Model	<b>PUI</b>	Primarily Undergraduate Institution
<b>BLM</b>	Bureau of Land Management	<b>R&amp;E</b>	Research and Education
<b>BSU</b>	Boise State University	<b>R&amp;R</b>	Recruitment and Retention
<b>CAREER</b>	Faculty Early Career Development	<b>RII</b>	Research Infrastructure Improvement
<b>CBON</b>	Community-based Observing Network	<b>RSV</b>	Reverse Site Visit
<b>CMCI</b>	Center for Modeling Complex Interactions	<b>SAG</b>	Stakeholder Advisory Group
<b>CRC</b>	Center for Resilient Communities	<b>SES</b>	Social Ecological Science
<b>CRITFC</b>	Columbia River Inter-Tribal Fish Commission	<b>SRE</b>	Summer Research Experience
<b>CWI</b>	College of Western Idaho	<b>S&amp;T</b>	Science and Technology
<b>EOD</b>	Education, Outreach, and Diversity	<b>SBOE</b>	State Board of Education
<b>EPSCoR</b>	Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research	<b>SNP</b>	Single-nucleotide Polymorphism
<b>ExComm</b>	Executive Committee	<b>START</b>	System to Attract and Retain Talent
<b>FTE</b>	Full Time Equivalent	<b>STEM</b>	Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics
<b>GA</b>	Graduate Assistantship	<b>SWOT</b>	Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats
<b>GEM3</b>	Genes to Environment: Modeling, Mechanisms, and Mapping	<b>UAS</b>	Unmanned Aircraft System
<b>GxE</b>	Genotype by Environment	<b>UI</b>	University of Idaho
<b>IBEST</b>	Institute for Bioinformatics and Evolutionary Studies	<b>URM</b>	Underrepresented Minority
<b>ICUR</b>	Idaho Conference on Undergraduate Research	<b>USDA ARS</b>	United States Department of Agriculture – Agricultural Research Service
<b>ID</b>	Idaho	<b>USFS</b>	United States Forest Service
<b>IDFG</b>	Idaho Department of Fish and Game	<b>USFWS</b>	United States Fish and Wildlife Service
<b>IDN</b>	Idaho Diversity Network	<b>USGS</b>	United States Geological Survey
<b>IM STEM</b>	Intermountain STEM Launch Pilot	<b>VIP</b>	Vertically Integrated Project
<b>INBRE</b>	IDeA Network of Biomedical Research Excellence	<b>WFD</b>	Workforce Development
<b>INCLUDES</b>	Inclusion across the Nation of Communities of Learners of Underrepresented Discoverers in Engineering and Science		
<b>IP</b>	Intellectual Property		
<b>ISU</b>	Idaho State University		
<b>LEECG</b>	Laboratory for Ecological, Evolutionary and Conservation Genetics		
<b>MOU</b>	Memoranda of Understanding		
<b>NCBI</b>	National Center for Biotechnology Information		
<b>NIH</b>	National Institutes of Health		
<b>NKN</b>	Northwest Knowledge Network		
<b>NSF</b>	National Science Foundation		
<b>PAB</b>	Project Advisory Board		
<b>PD</b>	Project Director		
<b>PI</b>	Principal Investigator		